These charges are only allegations which may be contested by the licensee in an Administrative hearing.

NEW YORK STATE	DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH
STATE BOARD FOR	PROFESSIONAL MEDICAL CONDUCT

IN THE MATTER

OF

JAHANSHAH KAYVANFAR, M.D.

STATEMENT

CHARGES

JAHANSHAH KAYVANFAR, the Respondent, was authorized to practice medicine in New York State on or about May 9, 1980, by the issuance of license number 142045 by the New York State Education Department.

FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS

- A. On or about October 22, 2014, the Medical Board of California (hereinafter, "California Board") by a Decision and Order which incorporated a Stipulated Settlement and Disciplinary Order Dated August 5, 2014, revoked Respondent's Physician and Surgeon's license. However, the revocation was stayed and Respondent was placed on three years' probation with terms that Respondent had to complete courses in deficient practice or knowledge and medical record keeping, Respondent is prohibited from practicing outside of orthopedic surgery, Respondent's practice will be monitored, and Respondent was and will be prohibited to supervise physician assistants. These actions were based upon findings, which could be proven if a hearing was held, that Respondent was negligent in his care and treatment and Respondent failed to maintain adequate and accurate records relating to the provision of services during the treatment of four patients during 2010 and 2011.
- B. The Conduct resulting in the California Board's disciplinary action against Respondent would constitute misconduct under the laws of New York State pursuant to the following Sections of New York State Law:

- 1. New York Education Law § 6530(3) (Practicing the profession with negligence on more than one occasion); and/or
- 2. New York Education Law § 6530(32) (Failing to maintain a record for each patient which accurately reflects the evaluation and treatment of the patient, provided).

SPECIFICATION OF CHARGES

DISCIPLINARY ACTION IN ANOTHER STATE

Respondent violated New York State Education Law § 6530(9)(d) by having disciplinary action taken, where the conduct resulting in the disciplinary action involving the license would, if committed in New York State, constitute professional misconduct under the laws of New York State Law, in that Petitioner charges:

1. The facts in Paragraphs A and B and B1 and/or A and B and B2.

DATE:June 27, 2016 Albany, New York

MICHAEL A. HISER
Deputy Counsel
Bureau of Professional Medical Conduct