

**These charges are only allegations which
may be contested by the licensee in an
Administrative hearing.**

IN THE MATTER
OF
DAVID NECKRITZ, D.O.

STATEMENT
OF
CHARGES

DAVID NECKRITZ, D.O., the Respondent, was authorized to practice medicine in New York State on or about August 21, 1997, by the issuance of license number 207969 by the New York State Education Department.

FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS

A. On or about July 13, 2018, Respondent consented to an Order issued by the New Jersey State Board of Medical Examiners ("Board") which adopted a report from the Medical Practitioner Review Panel ("Panel") detailing findings concerning the care provided by Respondent to one emergency room patient. The Panel found that Respondent engaged in gross negligence when caring for the patient on January 4, 2010, due to the absence of any documentation within the hospital record memorializing that he gave the patient instructions to discontinue her use of Coumadin or to otherwise document the finding of elevated INR levels ("International Normalized Ratio", a unit of measurement of how long it takes blood to form a clot). The Board found that cause for disciplinary sanction against Respondent existed pursuant to N.J.S.A. 45:1-21(c)(engaging in gross negligence, malpractice, or incompetence).

1. Pursuant to this Order, the Board imposed a formal reprimand, a civil penalty in the amount of \$10,000, and completion within six months of the date of entry of this Order, a course in medical record keeping.
2. The conduct resulting in the Board's Decision and Order against Respondent would constitute misconduct under the laws of New York State pursuant to New

York Education Law §6530(4)(Practicing the profession with gross negligence on a particular occasion).

SPECIFICATION OF CHARGES

HAVING HAD DISCIPLINARY ACTION TAKEN

Respondent is charged with committing professional misconduct as defined in N.Y. Educ. Law § 6530(9)(d) by having his or her license to practice medicine revoked, suspended or having other disciplinary action taken, or having his or her application for a license refused, revoked or suspended or having voluntarily or otherwise surrendered his or her license after a disciplinary action was instituted by a duly authorized professional disciplinary agency of another state, where the conduct resulting in the revocation, suspension or other disciplinary action involving the license or refusal, revocation or suspension of an application for a license or the surrender of the license would, if committed in New York state, constitute professional misconduct under the laws of New York state (namely N.Y. Educ. Law § 6530(4)) as alleged in the facts of the fo

1. Paragraphs A., A.1., and A.2.

DATE: December 7, 2018
New York, New York


Henry Weintraub
Chief Counsel
Bureau of Professional Medical Conduct